

NEW YORKERS TO DRAFT PLATFORM

ROOT AND HUGHES

Wadsworth Sets Up Former's Camp; Tanner Aids Justice's Boom.

WAITING FOR WHITMAN MAY BE SUFFRAGE PLANK

CHICAGO, June 3.—The division in the New York delegation was emphasized to-day upon the arrival of some of the New York leaders representing the rival factions. Among those who got in were United States Senator Wadsworth, State Chairman Tanner, Senator Elin R. Brown, ex-Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson and James R. Sheffield.

These men at once separated into two camps, the Root men apparently looking to Senator Wadsworth to inject more life into the Root boom, and the Hughes men, under Chairman Tanner, canvassing the situation diligently in order to report on the Justice's chances to Gov. Whitman when the Governor reaches here with the delegates to-morrow afternoon.

Whitman is to have a conference promptly with Frank H. Hitchcock, Chairman Tanner, and Public Service Commissioner William Hayward, who are working for Mr. Hughes's nomination. There has been some comment here over the apparently close working agreement which the Governor has with Mr. Hitchcock. Although the ex-Postmaster-General is not in the confidence of many national leaders who are on the ground, the Governor seems to be relying upon Mr. Hitchcock's political acumen.

Leave it to Whitman.

The Hughes men are to leave it to Whitman to do most of the talking for Hughes. The plan is to have a conference with the Governor, after getting the reports at to-morrow's conference, to issue a statement over his name that is expected to crystallize the issue and give shape to the Hughes sentiment, at present without any official abiding place.

Chairman Tanner to-day contented himself with the statement that the Hughes people would have a majority of the delegation on the first ballot. It is known that they are counting on at least sixty votes. Otherwise, Tanner seemed to fight any of assuming to be an official spokesman for the Hughes boom. This is one of the interesting features of the peculiar situation, and since Justice Hughes's divisional Hitchcock's activity it has become pronounced. This is one of the reasons why the Governor's arrival is being awaited with so much interest.

Senator Wadsworth to-night, in a statement claiming a majority of the New York delegation for Root, said: "Mr. Root's nomination is the only one to the convention by a majority of the delegation. His candidacy means no attack on any other candidate or group. The men urging it are profoundly convinced that he is eminently the man to lead. He is preeminently the man to nominate."

Points Out Root's Strength.

"If nominated Mr. Root will carry New York by a big majority, and means forty-four electoral votes. His strength before the people was shown when he was elected delegate at large to the Constitutional Convention. In that election he received a plurality of about 58,000 over Chief Justice Cullen and more than 110,000 over ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, both of whom were very popular men."

"I do not think that there is going to be any difficulty in the party getting together on the platform and the candidate. There is a very marked spirit of conciliation apparent everywhere."

James R. Sheffield, president of the Republican Club, said that he believed the Republicans would be creating a very dangerous precedent if they took Mr. Hughes from the Supreme Court bench. Said Mr. Sheffield:

"If this should be done I believe the court hereafter would be combated for Presidential candidates every four years. If we choose a Supreme Court Justice and he is elected I have no doubt that next time the candidate would be Mr. Brandeis or a man like him. Should this precedent be created, even a decision would be a message designed to please labor or some element in the community. No matter how good the man might be, even if he were a thousand per cent better than Justice Hughes, his motives while on the bench would still be under suspicion."

"Could Mr. Root be elected?" Mr. Sheffield was asked.

"That is not worrying me in the least," he replied. "If Mr. Wilson can be beaten Mr. Root can do it."

Stimson in Root Camp.

Henry L. Stimson was another New Yorker who lifted his voice to-day in advocacy of Mr. Root. Mr. Stimson said Chicago's preparedness parade was only another proof that that was the overshadowing issue. He pointed to the fact that on the very eve of the announcement of the great North Sea battle the Democrats had refused to continue the battleship programme and committed the country to the building alone of a class of warships whose limitation had been well shown in that sea fight. The one Republican, he believed, who stood out beyond all others for regenerating the army and the navy, Mr. Stimson said, was Mr. Root.

PARSONS CONFIDENT.

Expects to Succeed Barnes and Heaves Hughes Would Accept.

CHICAGO, June 3.—The most outspoken Hughes man among the New Yorkers to-day was Herbert Parsons, who expects to be elected national committeeman to succeed William Barnes. Asked if Mr. Hughes would accept the nomination Mr. Parsons said that he would not be favoring the Justice's nomination if he were not of the opinion that Mr. Hughes would feel it his duty to accept. Mr. Parsons made it clear, however, that he had no authority to speak for the Justice.

Mr. Parsons also expressed the opinion that no votes would be cast for Col. Roosevelt by any New York delegate. Mr. Parsons added that Gov. Whitman would be chosen chairman of the delegation at the caucus on Tuesday without a contest and that his own election as national committeeman was assured.

O'LEARY'S G. O. P. FUTURE BOOK

\$100,000 Wagered. Mostly by Roosevelt Men, at Varying Odds.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Jim O'Leary, best known layer of odds in Chicago and one of the most widely known among the world's professional betting men, has arranged the following book on the chances of the Republican candidates.

On the Leaders—Nine to 10 against Roosevelt, 7 to 5 against Hughes, 5 to 1 against Root, 15 to 1 against Fairbanks, 15 to 1 against Burton, 30 to 1 against Cummins, 30 to 1 against Weeks, 50 to 1 against Sherman.

On the Rest of the Field—Du Pont, Ford, Borah, et al., it is a case of your own odds in O'Leary's future book. The betting up to date has not been heavy from the professional standpoint. It is figured that about \$100,000 has been wagered, the greater part by Roosevelt enthusiasts, with Hughes and Root having considerable support at the odds.

LODGE AND BORAH TO DRAFT PLATFORM

Republicans and Progressives Expect a Happy Union of Ideas.

MASSACHUSETTS MAY BE SUFFRAGE PLANK

CHICAGO, June 3.—A bitter attack on the foreign policy of the Wilson Administration, notably in its dealings with Mexico, and a plank endorsing universal military training will be the outstanding characteristics of the platform that will be adopted in the Republican national convention next week.

Indications are that the code of principles to be presented to the voters by the Republican party will be as progressive in tone, spirit and purpose as Col. Roosevelt and his Progressive following would have it.

The platform will be written by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts assisted by Senator Borah of Idaho. Each is fairly representative of the two factions of the party. Mr. Lodge is a conservative, who is willing to make concessions to the progressives.

As a progressive Mr. Borah has always shown a disposition to meet the conservatives half way. Confidence is expressed by both sides that Messrs. Lodge and Borah are competent to devise a platform that will be satisfactory to both progressives and regulars. Massachusetts elected a Republican Governor in 1914 for the first time in many years. The result was directly attributed to the platform framed by Progressives and Republican leaders. In 1915 the leaders of the two factions in Massachusetts found themselves in a position to agree on a platform of party principles.

Both Sides Pleased.

Mr. Lodge had a large share in the work. Consequently great satisfaction is expressed by Progressive and Republican leaders that Mr. Lodge is to be assigned to the task of writing the platform for the 1916 campaign.

His work will be approved in advance by regular leaders, and owing to his friendship for Col. Roosevelt it will not be regarded with suspicion by Progressives. In fact the Progressives insist that there is no possibility of differences between the Progressives and Republicans in the matter of the platform.

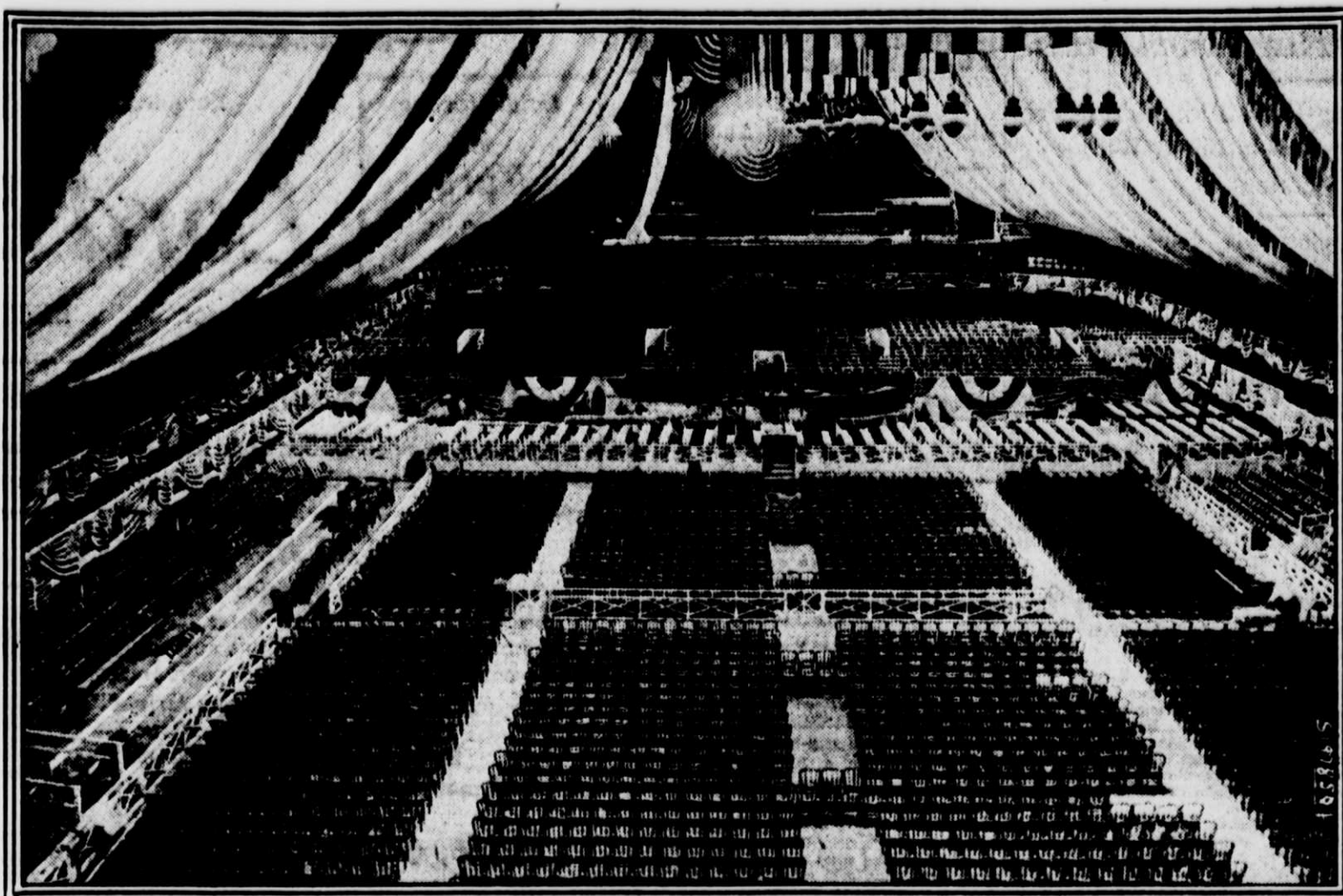
The recommendation to be made for universal military training will be embodied in the plank on preparedness. This plank will be just as definite as it is possible to make a declaration of that kind in a political platform.

It will propose an adequate navy, a larger standing army, the creation of a reserve for both services and "military training" as distinguished from "military service." Leaders are careful to point out that the convention will not endorse enforced "military service." Therefore the plank will propose "military training," the method to be left to the discretion of Congress.

It is altogether probable that a recommendation will be made for liberal Federal appropriations for military instruction in intermediate schools and the colleges. As the Republican party is on record since the beginning for a big navy and an adequate army, the leaders are convinced that the preparedness plank will be satisfactory all around and evoke hearty response from the country.

The plank treating of the foreign policy probably will be the most vigorous in tone of any declaration in the platform. It will charge that in his

WHERE THE REPUBLICANS WILL CHOOSE A CANDIDATE



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dealings with European belligerents the President has shown the same timidity and lack of purpose that he is held to have exhibited in his relations with the various factions in Mexico and the present Government in that country. Republican leaders are convinced that the country disapproves Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy, which will be handled with-out gloves.

It will be denounced as having placed the United States in a humiliating position before the world and as weakening the representations made by this Government in its negotiations with Germany and other European belligerents. A tariff reference will be made to Mr. Wilson's "too proud to fight" phrase.

There is a strong possibility that the Republican platform may carry a plank favorable to equal suffrage. Senator Borah comes from Idaho, where women have voted for years, and he is an earnest advocate of the principle. Progressives will make every effort to persuade the Republicans to endorse woman suffrage.

In twelve States women now exercise the suffrage and expediency may prompt the Republicans to go after the electoral vote of these States by endorsing the reform.

As it is known that the Democrats will refuse to approve suffrage through a constitutional amendment, Republican leaders from the States where women vote intend to make a great demonstration in the hope of winning the support of the national party. They will be directed by Senator Borah, who will make a fight for equal suffrage in the committee on resolutions, which will frame the platform and later before the convention in the event that the committee rejects the "votes for women" amendment.

While there is opposition among the

timid to what they designate a "new fangled notion," they may be won over to equal suffrage if it can be demonstrated that an expression favorable to the reform may mean the difference between victory and defeat. The suffragists insist that if their proposal is rejected by the Republicans the party may lose; whereas if it is accepted they insist that the result will be to turn nearly all the suffrage States into the Republican column.

The old timers want to win this year more than they ever did before and the suffragists are firmly of the opinion that this is the opportunity to get the endorsement that they have been seeking for years.

In the tariff plank reference will be made to the action of the Democratic organization of the House of Representatives in going on record for a non-partisan tariff commission and protective duties on dyes. The argument will be made that the Democrats are now trying to steal the "protection" thunder and that if the country would cope with the trade competition from Europe that is bound to follow the close of the great war, it must entrust the Republic with the duty of revising the revenue laws along traditional Republican lines.

A strong declaration will be made for an American merchant marine large enough to handle American commerce and to provide an adequate reserve for the navy in case of war. The Government ownership shipping bill now pending in Congress with the endorsement of the Administration will be denounced in unsparring terms.

While the Republican platform will to a considerable extent "speak with alarm" the Democratic administration and its acts it will not be limited in its assertions merely to protests against the party in power. It will propose a

constructive programme in the way of military and commercial preparedness and make a plea for return to power on the ground that the Democratic administration has been a failure.

TO BOOST THE NAVY.

Col. R. M. Thompson Leaves for the Chicago Convention.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Col. Robert M. Thompson, as chairman of a special committee of the Navy League, has left for Chicago to make a plea before the committee on resolutions of the Republican convention for a naval preparedness plank in the platform. After the Chicago convention he will go to St. Louis.

The committee includes Henry Breckinridge, formerly Assistant Secretary of War. Col. Thompson has arranged with Chairman Hiles of the Republican national committee for an opportunity to present to the committee on resolutions a naval preparedness plank.

WEEKS BOOM PACKED.

Fifteen Stupendous Boxes Arrive Crammed With Broadleaves.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Porters of the Congress Hotel staggered to-day under a burden of fifteen packing cases, each case smaller than one of a grand piano comes in, and each addressed to the Hon. John W. Weeks, Chicago, Ill. Senator Weeks brushed aside inquiry as to the contents of these stupendous boxes, but the secret slipped out. The cases are crammed full of Weeks literature, with booklets and pamphlets and dogeaters and broadsides, all setting forth the superlative excellence of Weeks, the great intellectuality of Weeks, the great

services performed for humanity by Weeks.

On Monday the literature will be distributed among the hungry delegates. No other candidate, not even Roosevelt, has made such demands upon the printer. Weeks headquarters volunteered the information that "Mr. Weeks believes in advertising," and that "if one doesn't say a good word for himself others are apt to forget it."

A NEW WEBSTER RISES.

Ohio's "Clerical Error" Owns Money and Seeks Vice-Presidency.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Leaving out of the question the fact that many of the now more or less active candidates for President wouldn't turn their backs upon the chance of running on the ticket with somebody else who got the big prize, there is one active candidate for Vice-President on the ground.

Out in Ohio they know him as the "clerk error," because when he wanted to run in the primaries to get an endorsement for Vice-President the clerks, or a clerk, got him wrong somehow and put him down in the list of Presidential candidates headed by Senator Burton.

His name is William Grant Webster. He is little, but full of vim. At the Congress Hotel he is simply all over the place day and night, handshaking and buttonholing. He believes that the Vice-Presidency has run down and frayed out at the edges and that it takes a really great man to restore the office to the proud position he comes yes that it occupied in the days of the fathers.

Pressed hard he admits that he has discovered in himself, by patient probing, the qualities necessary to regild the moneyless job. He is suspected of owning money.

YOUNG DEMOCRATS TO HAVE TRAINING CAMP

Delegation From League Here Will Discuss Plan With the President.

Frank D. Shelley, president of the Young Men's Democratic League, received word from Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the President, yesterday that Mr. Wilson would receive a delegation from the league at the White House next Wednesday to talk over with them the formation of leagues of young Democrats throughout the country, and also the establishment of a military training camp in this State.

The Young Men's Democratic League was organized two years ago and now has more than 7,000 members, most of whom are first voters. The moving spirit in the organization are the sons of men who have taken or are now taking a prominent part in Democratic politics in this city.

Those who will make the trip to Washington are Mr. Shelley, Francis D. Gurnea, John J. McCarthy, John J. McCarthy, Herman Oberbushung, Arthur N. Giegehrich, John P. Mahon, Paul J. McCauley and Thomas J. Dawkin, who compose the executive committee of the league. They will leave New York at midnight on June 7 and their appointment with the President is for 12:30 o'clock that afternoon.

The establishment of a military camp in this State is well under way. A site of twenty-three acres has been acquired near New City, and the camp will be known as Camp Jefferson, Gen. Ben. H. H. Hamilton, who was Adjutant-General during the administration of Gov. Glynn, will be in charge. There is no disposition to restrict the general benefits of military training at such camps as Plattburgh, but the Young Men's Democratic League is of the opinion that a camp nearer the city will appeal strongly to many men who for one reason or another can't get to Plattburgh. Also, in enrolling recruits there will be no restriction with respect to the school or college training of the applicants. Any one who is physically fit will be welcome.

The committee will present the plan for such a camp to the President, and Secretary of War Baker will be asked to give his approval of it. The date for the opening of the camp will be announced next week.

WEITMAN OFF FOR CHICAGO.

Justice Hughes, He Says, Will Be the Republican Nominee.

RUFFALO, June 3.—"The Republican convention at Chicago, in my opinion, is going to nominate Justice Hughes for President. The sentiment of the country is strongly for him," said Gov. Whitman here to-day.

The Governor, who is one of the four delegates at large from New York State, was the principal speaker at the Farmers Congress, Lockport, this afternoon. He left at midnight for Chicago.

SUFFS OFF TO-DAY FOR CHICAGO FRAY

Hope to Induce Republicans to Insert Votes for Women Plank in Platform.

ANTIS WILL BE BUSY, TOO

Numbers of suffragists, also some anti-suffragists, will leave New York this afternoon for Chicago on missions not unconnected with the political fray about to open there. Members of the National Woman Suffrage Association go to march in the June 7 parade, which is expected, with the aid of judicious lobbying, to convince the Republicans that they must put a votes for women plank in their platform.

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage; Mrs. Alice Hill Chittenden, president of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage; and other antis are going with the intention of preventing the insertion of such a plank. Mrs. Dodge said yesterday that if the suffragists got a hearing before the committee on resolutions the antis would have one too. Miss Chittenden said that as patriotic American women they believed the Republican party should stand on a platform of high ideals, which would put preparedness and the welfare of the country above "controversial issues such as woman suffrage."

The biggest delegation of suffragists is that from the Congressional Union, which leaves in a special car over the New York Central at 1 P. M. Mrs. Robert Adamson, Miss Marian May, Mrs. Inez Milholland Boesevain, Mrs. Emanuel Einstein and Mrs. Charles Farman are some of the women going. Mrs. H. P. Belmont is going on the 2 o'clock train with Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst.

The C. U. women, far from bothering with the men of the Republican convention, will hold a convention of their own, beginning June 8, and will form a woman's party, which will have a platform of one plank, "Get the Susan B. Anthony amendment through Congress."

Miss Helen Todd, C. U. leader, was asked yesterday if the women wouldn't support Col. Roosevelt for President on account of his having come out for the Federal amendment.

"No, indeed," she said. "We are glad he did it, but we endorse no man and no party."

Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, who, like Mrs. Milholland, is entirely long enough to establish a voting residence there so she can cast her ballot for President in November, returned to New York for a short time last week. She is staying at her home in Shoreham, L. I., and may not go West for the C. U. convention. She intends, however, to be in St. Louis on June 14 to look after the Democrats.

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"Crex" New Herringbone Weave Rugs.

Size	Regularly	Special Price	Size	Regularly	Special Price
9 x 12 ft.	\$9	\$7.50	30 x 60 in.	\$1.25	98c
8 x 10 ft.	\$7	\$5.75	27 x 54 in.	\$1.10	89c
6 x 9 ft.	\$4.75	\$3.95	24 x 48 in.	85c	69c
4 ft. 6 x 7 ft. 6.	\$3.25	\$2.75	18 x 36 in.	50c	42c
36 x 72 in.	\$1.75	\$1.45			

"Deltex" and "Crex" Plain Weave Figured Rugs.

Size	Regularly	Special Price	Size	Regularly	Special Price
9 x 12 ft.	\$7.95	\$6.95	36 x 72 in.	\$1.50	\$1.29
8 x 10 ft.	\$6.50	\$5.50	27 x 54 in.	95c	77c
6 x 9 ft.	\$4.25	\$3.75	18 x 36 in.	45c	34c
54 x 90 in.	\$2.95	\$2.55			

Colonial, "Dorothy Vernon" and Dimity Rag Rugs.

Size	Regularly	Special Price	Size	Regularly	Special Price
9 x 12 ft.	\$14.50	\$12.50	6 x 9 ft.	\$5.75	\$4.75
9 x 12 ft.	\$9.75	\$8.50	6 x 9 ft.	\$4.25	\$3.65
9 x 12 ft.	\$8.50	\$7.25	4 x 7 ft.	\$3.75	\$3.25
7 ft. 6 x 10 ft. 6.	\$11.50	\$9.75	4 x 7 ft.	\$2.95	\$2.55
7 ft. 6 x 10 ft. 6.	\$8.50	\$7.25	4 x 7 ft.	\$2.50	\$1.95
7 ft. 6 x 10 ft. 6.	\$6.50	\$5.75	4 x 7 ft.		

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Regularly 34c; sale price, Yd., 28c
Regularly 28c; sale price, Yd., 23c

Japanese Straw Matting

Regularly 55c; sale price, Yd., 47c
Regularly 40c; sale price, Yd., 32c
Regularly 35c; sale price, Yd., 28c

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Regularly 35c; sale price, Yd., 26c
Regularly 15c; sale price, Yd., 10c

Double 2x Green Trading Stamps Forenoon—Single Stamps Afternoon